## Word Order Changes in the VP in Icelandic

### 1. An overview of Modern Icelandic word order

- (1) Ég hitti Svein oft á ráðstefnum
   I meet Svein often at conferences
   `I often meet Svein at conferences'
- (2) a Ég hef oft hitt Svein á ráðstefnum I have often met Svein at conferences
  - b... að ég hef oft hitt Svein á ráðstefnum that I have often met Svein at conferences
- (3) a Ég mun oft hafa hitt Svein á ráðstefnum I will often have met Svein at conferences
  - b... að ég mun oft hafa hitt Svein á ráðstefnum that I will often have met Svein at conferences
- (4) Fara þeir nú á brott og ofan til Valagilsár Go they now away and down to Valagils-river
  `Then they go away down to the Valagils-river' (Droplaugarsona saga, p. 358)
- (5) a Ég vissi ekki að \_\_\_\_\_ væri farið að rigna hérna I knew not that was gone to rain here `I didn't know that it had started raining here'
  - b Ég vissi ekki að *það* væri farið að rigna hérna I knew not that it was gone to rain here `I didn't know that it had started raining here'
  - c Ég vissi ekki að *hérna*<sub>i</sub>væri farið að rigna t<sub>i</sub> I knew not that here was gone to rain `I didn't know that it had started raining here'
- (6) a Ég auðvitað veit ekkert um málið
   I of course know nothing about case-the
   `Of course, I don't know anything about this case'
  - b Jón bara fór John just left
- (7) a Ef hann ekki kemur strax ...

if he not comes immediately... If he doesn't come immediately ...'

- b Þegar hann loksins fór ...when he finally went ...`When he went at last ...'
- (8) Ég veit að þennan mann hefur Jón aldrei séð I know that this man has John never seen `I know that John has never seen this man'
- (9) Þetta er maður sem skrifað hefur margar bækur this is a man who written has many books `This is a man who has written many books'
- (10)a Ég gaf einhverjum gömlumkarli þetta I gave some old guy this
  - b Ég gaf þetta einhverjum gömlumkarli I gave this some old guy `I gave this to some old guy'
- (11)a Það hafa komið einhverjir gestir hingað í dag there have come some guestshere today
  - b Það hafa komið hingað einhverjir gestir í dagc Það hafa komið hingað í dag einhverjir gestir
- (12)a Ég mun oft hafa lánað Sveini þessa bók I will often have lent Sveinn (D) this book (A)
  - b \*Ég mun þessa bók oft hafa lánað Sveini
  - c \*Ég mun oft þessa bók lánað Sveini hafa
  - d \*Ég mun oft hafa þessa bók lánað Sveini
  - e \*Ég mun oft hafa lánað þessa bók Sveini
  - f \*Ég mun Sveini oft hafa lánað þessa bók
  - g \*Ég mun oft Sveini hafa lánað þessa bók
  - h \*Ég mun oft hafa Sveini lánað þessa bók
  - i \*Ég mun lánað oft hafa Sveini þessa bók
  - j \*Ég mun oft lánað Sveini hafa þessa bók
  - k \*Ég mun hafa oft lánað Sveini þessa bók
  - 1 \*Ég mun hafa lánað oft Sveini þessa bók

# 2. Old Icelandic word order

<ul> <li>(13)Og er þeir gengið höfðu um hríð</li> <li>And when they walked had on a while</li> <li>`And when they had walked for a while' (Grettis saga Ásmundarsonar, p. 988)</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>(14)Og eg em Jóhannes sem þetta séð og heyrt hefir And I am John who this seen and heard has `And I am John, who has both seen and heard this'</li> </ul>
(Nýja testamentið [1540], p. 558) (15)a Þórður hafði ritað bréf til Þorgils Thord had written letter to Thorgils `Thord had written a letter to Thorgils' (Porgils saga skarða, p. 614)
b Þorsteinn hafði látið gera kirkju á bæ sínum Thorstein had let make church on farm his `Thorstein had had a church built on his farm' ( <i>Grettis saga Ásmundarsonar, p. 1036</i> )
<ul> <li>c því að Gunnar mun eigi gera mér mein because Gunnar will not do me harm</li> <li>`because Gunnar will not do me harm' (Brennu-Njáls saga, p. 188)</li> </ul>
d Þá er Sveinn hafði verið konungur þrjá vetur í Noregi when Svein had been king three winters in Norway `When Svein had been the king of Norway for three years' <i>Ólafs saga helga, p. 553)</i>
<ul> <li>e hann skal hafa etið mat sinnfyrir miðja nótt he shall have eaten food his before mid night</li> <li>` he is supposed to have eaten his food before midnight' (<i>Grágás, p. 34</i>)</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>(16)a Sá einn mun það gert hafa that one will it done have `There is only one man who could have done this' (Grettis saga Ásmundarsonar, p. 987)</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>b og mun maðurinn satt sagt hafa and will man-the truth said have</li> <li>` and will the man have told the truth' (Ljósvetninga saga (C-version), p. 1680)</li> </ul>
c En ekki mun eg þenna mann séð hafa But not will I this man seen have `But I believe I have not seen this man' (Laxdæla saga, p. 1632)
<ul> <li>d að Hetta tröllkona muni þetta kveðið hafa that Hetta giantess will this sung have</li> <li>` that Hetta the giantess will have sung this' (Bárðar saga Snæfellsáss, p. 55)</li> </ul>

e að engi yðar mundi þetta ráð fundið hafa that noone your wouldthis solution found have ` that none of you would have found this solution'
(Króka-Refs saga, p. 1529)
<ul> <li>(17)a Þorgilsi hafði gefin verið öxi góð Thorgils had given been axe good</li> <li>`Thorgils had been given a good axe'</li> <li>(Porgils saga og Hafliða, p. 25)</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>b Hann kvaðst fundið hafa barn nýfætt</li> <li>he said found have baby newborn</li> <li>`He said that he had found a newborn baby'</li> <li>(<i>Finnboga saga ramma, p. 626</i>)</li> </ul>
c Þar muntu séð hafa Þorstein svarta there will-youseen have Thorstein black `There I guess you have seen Thorstein the black' (Laxdæla saga, p. 1632)
<ul> <li>d því að engi mun séð hafa slík svín</li> <li>because noone will seen have such pigs</li> <li>`because noone will have seen such pigs' (Finnboga saga ramma, p. 629)</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>e að fáir muni séð hafa rösklegra mann that few will seen have braver man `that few people will have seen a more brave man' (<i>Íslendinga saga, p. 321</i>)</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>(18)a Egill sagði að hann hefði drepið þræla Egilsaid that he had killed slaves `Egil said that he had killed Grim's slaves'</li> <li>(Egils saga Skalla-Grímssonar, p. 517)</li> </ul>
b Hallfreður sagði sig það gjarnavilja Hallfred said REFL it gladlywant `Hallfred said that he would gladly do it'
(Hallfreðar saga vandræðaskálds, p. 1244)
c Þorgils sagði sér það vel líka Thorgils said REFL it well like `Thorgils said that he liked this well' ( <i>Porgils saga skarða, p. 584</i> )
d Hann sagðist það gert hafa he said it done have `He said that he had done it' (Eyrbyggja saga, p. 548)
<ul> <li>(19)Grímur bað hann það fyrst gera</li> <li>Grim asked him it first do</li> <li>`Grim asked that he did this first'</li> <li>(Egils saga Skalla-Grímssonar, p. 416)</li> </ul>

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$k~(V_{fin})$ - $NP_{DO}$ - $V_{aux/mod}$ - $V_{main}$
$1 (V_{fin})$ - $NP_{DO}$ - $V_{main}$ - $V_{aux/mod}$
$m(V_{fin})$ - $V_{aux/mod}$ - $V_{main}$ - $NP_{IO}$ - $NP_{DO}$
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o (V <sub>fin</sub> ) - V <sub>aux/mod</sub> - NP <sub>IO</sub> - NP <sub>DO</sub> - V <sub>main</sub>
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t (V <sub>fin</sub> ) - NP <sub>IO</sub> - V <sub>main</sub> - V <sub>aux/mod</sub> - NP <sub>DO</sub>
u (V <sub>fin</sub> ) - NP <sub>IO</sub> - V <sub>aux/mod</sub> - NP <sub>DO</sub> - V <sub>main</sub>
v (V <sub>fin</sub> ) - NP <sub>DO</sub> - V <sub>aux/mod</sub> - V <sub>main</sub> - NP <sub>IO</sub>
$w(V_{fin})$ - $NP_{DO}$ - $V_{aux/mod}$ - $NP_{IO}$ - $V_{main}$
x (V <sub>fin</sub> ) - V <sub>main</sub> - prt - NP <sub>DO</sub>
$y (V_{fin}) - NP_{DO} - prt - V_{main}$
$z (V_{fin})$ - prt - $V_{main}$ - $NP_{DO}$

 $(V_{fin} = finite verb; V_{aux/mod} = auxiliary or modal (non-finite) verb); V_{main} = main (non-finite) verb; NP_{DO} = direct object; NP_{IO} = indirect object)$ 

(21)a Eg mun þiggjahrossin I will accept horses-the `I will accept the horses'	(Víga-Glúms saga, p. 1927)
b Faðir minn mun því ráða father my will it decide `My father will decide that'	(Víglundar saga, p. 1976)
c Jarlinn hafði gefið honum skipið Earl-the had given him ship-the `The earl had given him the ship'	(Íslendinga saga, p. 263)
d og muntu henni gefa moturinn and will-youher give cap-the ` and you will give her the cap'	(Laxdæla saga, p. 1602)
e að hann hefir líf gefið barninu that he has life given baby-the ` that he has saved the baby's life'	(Harðar saga og Hólmverja, p. 1259)

f ... því að þú hefir mér líf gefið ...
because you have me life given ...
`... because you have allowed me to live'

(Gísla saga Súrssonar (longer version), p. 938)

g ... að sárið mundi hafa grandað honum that wound-the wouldhave killed him `... that the wound would have killed him'

(Bandamanna saga (M-version), p. 25)

h ... og mundi hann tekið hafa skipið... and wouldhe taken have ship-the `... and he would have taken the ship ...'

(Gísla saga Súrssonar (longer version), p. 932)

- i [No examples found]
- j Nú munu þær eigi hafa því unað ... now will they (fem)not have it tolerated ... `Now they will not have tolerated this ...' (*Þiðranda þáttur, p. 2255*)
- k Tíðindi mundi oss það hafa þótt einastund news wouldus it have found one time `There have been times when we would have found this great news' (Gísla saga Súrssonar (shorter version), p. 865)
- 1 ... og kvaðst enginn maður þetta gera vilja and said no man this do want `... and everybody said that they did not want to do this'

(Hrafnkels saga Freysgoða, p. 1407)

m... en Eyjólfurkvaðst hafa gefið Bjarna sauðina but Eyjolf said have given Bjarnisheep-the
... but Eyjolf said that he had given Bjarni the sheep'

(Reykdæla saga, p. 1769)

n ... en hann mundi fengið hafa henni mikinn áverka
... but he wouldgiven have her great wound'
`... but he would have hurt her badly' (*Grettis saga Ásmundarsonar, p. 1006*)

o [No examples found]

p [No examples found]

q Bárður kvaðst honum engi mundu segjaBard said him no wouldsay`Bard said that he would not tell him any [news]'

(Króka-Refs saga, p. 1528)

r ... að þessi maður mundi honum sanna hluti sagt hafa that this man wouldhim true things said have
 `... that this man would have told him the truth'

(Ólafs saga Tryggvasonar, p. 179)

s Ásbjörn lést honum mundu gefa fé til Asbjorn said him wouldgive money to `Asbjorn said that he would give him money for doing it' (*Hákonar saga herðibreiðs, p. 808*)

t Hallbjörn ... kveðst enn hverjummanniveitt hafa búðarrúm ... Hallbjorn ... says yet every man given have booth-place ... `Hallbjorn says that up to now, he has offered every man lodging in his booth' (*Gísla saga Súrssonar (longer version)*, p. 940)

u ... hví Bolli mun sér hafa þar svo staðar leitað ... why Bolli will REFL have there so place searched ...
`... why Bolli will have chosen himself such a place to hide'

(Laxdæla saga, p. 1613)

v ... og sagðist hann bústað vilja reisa sér and said he house want build REFL
`... and he said that he wanted to build himself a house'

(Hrafnkels saga Freysgoða, p. 1397)

w Hann kveðst fyrir löngu það hafa honum spáð ... he says for long it have him foretold ... `He says that he has long ago foretold him this'

(Finnboga saga ramma, p. 634)

x Nú hafði einn þeirra Skrælingja tekið upp öxi eina now had one of-them barbarians taken up axe one `Now one of the barbarians had picked up an axe'

(Grænlendinga saga, p. 1106)

- y ... mun eg annað ráð upp taka will I another solution up take
  `I have another solution' (Gísla saga Súrssonar (longer version), p. 936)
- z Hvenær skaltu upp takaslíkan ágætisgrip?when shall-you up takesuch marvellous thing?`When are you going to wear such a marvellous piece'

(Laxdæla saga, p. 1608)

## 3. Configurationality

 $(22)S \rightarrow (XP) V_{[+T]} XP^*$ 

(23)a Ingólfur segir: Vann hann á Þormóði Bersasyni? on Thormod Bersason Ingolf says: Won he `Ingolf says: Did he kill Thormod Bersason?' segir: Sjá hinn sami gerði það. Gríma same did Grima says: That the it `Grima says: He was the one who did it' (Fóstbræðra saga, p. 798) b Þórir hvarf aftur og gerði það að ráði **Þorgils** back and did it for advice Thorgils's Thorir went `Thorir went back because Thorgils advised him to do so' (Porsteins saga hvíta, p. 2057) c Ingólfur ... byggði fyrstur landið; Ingolf ... settled first country-the; það aðrir landnámsmenn eftir hans dæmum gerðu it other settlers after did his examples `Ingolf was the one who first settled the country; other settlers followed his examples'(Landnámabók, bl (24)\*Drepið þenna mann hefi eg nú killed this have I man now (25)a Þá hann beðinn af vinum sínum að staðfestasthér var asked by friends REFL to settle then was he here `Then he was asked by his friends to settle here' (Bandamanna saga (K-version), p. 27) b Því máli af móður hennar var vel svarað that proposal was well answered by mother her `This proposal was answered positively by her mother' (Gunnars saga Keldugnúpsfífls, p. 1157) c Þá var hann tekinn*af óvinum* sínum taken by enemies REFL then was he `Then he was taken by his enemies' (Íslendinga saga, p. 673) kallaður af mörgummönnum Eysteinn meyla d Hann var by many he was called Eystein meyla men 'He was called Eystein meyla by many people' (Magnúss saga Erlingssonar, p. 844)

e ... þá var þetta kveðið *af einhverjum* then was this composed by someone
`Then this was composed by someone' (*Þorgils saga og Hafliða, p. 22*) (26) a Ekki er hann sagður mikilmenni said not is he great man `He is not considered a great man' (Reykdæla saga, p. 1743) b ... jöklar eru mjög miklir sagðir á Grænlandi glaciers said on Greenland are very great `They say that there are very big glaciers in Greenland' (Grænlendinga saga, p. 1098) c Sá honum sagður frændi Sörla var said that was him uncle Sörli's `He was told that this one was Sörli's uncle' (Íslendinga saga, p. 256) 4. Basic order in the VP: OV or VO? (27)aOld Icelandic could have had OV-order in the VP, and extensive movement (of full NPs and non-finite verbs) to the right. bOld Icelandic could have had VO-order in the VP, and extensive movement (of pronominal objects and non-finite verbs) to the left. cOld Icelandic could have had either OV- or VO-order in the VP, i.e., the choice could have been free. (28)... hvort hún vill eigahann whether she will own him `... whether she wants to marry him' (Brennu-Njáls saga, p. 142) (29)... eða þættist séð hafa hann fyrr seen have him before or thought `... or thought that (he) had seen him before' (Haralds saga Sigurðarsonar, p. 661) (30)Grammar A: Grammar B: Basic VO **Basic OV** + VO by transformations + OV by transformations (leftward movement of (V-to-I and rightward movement of 'O', e.g. Heavy NP-Shift) 'O') (31)a Nú hefur það tvígang stytt verið now has it twice shortened been `Now it has been shortened twice' (18th century; from Indriðason 1987) c Hafði hann biskup verið 8 vetur 20 og bishop been 8 winters and 20 had he `He had been bishop for 28 years' (19th century; from Indriðason 1987) (32)a Hann ... sagði Ásbirni þau tíðindi sem orðið höfðu told Asbjorn the he news that happened had `He told Asbjorn what had happened' (Finnboga saga ramma, p. 650)

b sveinninn heilsar þeim vel er <i>komnir vort</i> boy-the greets them well that come was `The boy greets well those who had come'	
c Sá fór er <i>sendur var</i> that went that sent was `The one who was sent went away'	(Króka-Refs saga, p. 1518)
<ul> <li>(33)a Hann skal fundið hafa fé sitt</li> <li>he shall found have sheep REFL</li> <li>`He must have found his sheep'</li> </ul>	(Grágás, p. 304)
<ul> <li>b og hann mundi tekið hafa hross þeirra and he wouldtaken have horses their</li> <li>` and he would have taken their horses'</li> </ul>	(Vatnsdæla saga, p. 1903)
<ul> <li>(34)a Sagt hefi eg það er eg mun segja said have I it that I will say</li> <li>`I have already said my last word on this'</li> </ul>	(Svarfdæla saga, p. 1812)
b Vita skyldir þú fyrst hvað þú vildir know should you first what you want `You should first know what you want' (Gunn	laugs saga ormstungu, p. 1172)
(35)i (V <sub>fin</sub> ) - V <sub>main</sub> - NP <sub>DO</sub> - V <sub>aux/mod</sub>	

o (V<sub>fin</sub>) - V<sub>aux/mod</sub> - NP<sub>IO</sub> - NP<sub>DO</sub> - V<sub>main</sub> p (V<sub>fin</sub>) - V<sub>main</sub> - NP<sub>IO</sub> - NP<sub>DO</sub> - V<sub>aux/mod</sub>

## 5. The loss of OV-order

- (36)Ég hef engan séð I have noone seen `I haven't seen anyone'
- (37)Jón hefur ýmislegt gert sér til gamans John has various things done himself to fun `John has done several things to amuse himself'

(38)\*Ég hef hann séð I have him seen `I have seen him'

(39)??Lesið hef ég þessa bók read have I this book `I have read this book' (40)... og það rigndi ekki yfir jörðina í þrjú ár og sex mánaði
 ... and it rainednot over earth-the in three years and six months
 `It did not rain on the earth for three years and six months'

(Nýja testamentið [1540], p. 500)

## 6. Conclusion

(41)aAlmost any order of post-Infl constituents appears to occur in Old Icelandic.

bHowever, it is clear that the VP exists as a syntactic constituent.

cBecause of the stability of both OV- and VO-orders, it is not convincing to assume abrupt reanalysis of phrase structure.

- dMany of the movement rules we would have to posit to derive sentences with surface OV-order from a VO-base are otherwise unmotivated.
- eThe most natural way of accounting for all the possibilities appears to be to accept the Double base hypothesis.
- fBy assuming that the OV-VO parameter was unspecified, we can account for a great majority of all Old Icelandic sentences without positing any movement of constituents of the VP.
- gFree word order and many instances of empty categories make it seem a reasonable assumption that children would have had difficulties in setting the OV-VO parameter.
- hWhen Stylistic Fronting lowered in frequency, the expletive subject *það* was introduced, and pro-drop became ungrammatical, more and more sentences came to have surface VO-order.
- iAt some point, presumably around 1800, the VO-order had become so dominant that children could begin to set the parameter to VO.
- jAs a result, OV-sentences disappeared from the language in a relatively short time in the first half of the nineteenth century.

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